

SOME DEGREE AND DISTANCE BASED TOPOLOGICAL INDICES OF VERTEX-EDGE CORONA OF TWO GRAPHS

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ABSTRACT. In this paper, we establish vertex-edge corona of two graphs and compute Wiener index, Zagreb indices, Degree distance index and Gutman index of vertex-edge corona of two graphs.

1. Introduction

All graphs considered here are finite, undirected and simple connected graphs. Let $G = (V, E)$ be a graph with vertex set $V := V(G) = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$ and edge set $E := E(G) = \{e_1, e_2, \dots, e_m\}$. Throughout the paper we denote the degree of a vertex v in G by $d_G(v)$ and the shortest distance between two vertices v_i and v_j in G by $d_G(v_i, v_j)$. A topological index of a graph G is a numerical quantity derived from the structure of the graph G , so that it remains invariant under graph isomorphism. The Wiener index also known as the first topological index [29] was introduced by a chemist H. Wiener in 1947, and is defined as

$$W(G) = \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G)} d_G(v_i, v_j).$$

The Wiener index was used to model certain physico-chemical properties of hydrocarbon molecules and is a useful tool for designing quantitative structure-property relations in organic chemistry. This index was also used to establish correlations with various physico-chemical and thermodynamic parameters such as boiling point, density, critical pressure of chemical compounds. Studies on Wiener index can be found in [11, 12, 20, 23]. The first and second Zagreb indices are the degree

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based topological indices introduced in 1972, by I. Gutman and N. Trinajstić [19] and these are defined as

$$M_1(G) = \sum_{v_i \in V(G)} d_G^2(v_i) = \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G)} (d_G(v_l) + d_G(v_m))$$

and

$$M_2(G) = \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G)} d_G(v_l)d_G(v_m),$$

respectively. They observed that total π -electron energy depends on molecular structures and approximate expressions for total π -electron energy involves M_1 and M_2 . Zagreb indices are extremely useful for deriving multi linear regression models [8]. Informations regarding Zagreb indices can be found in [17, 18, 22]. The Degree distance and Gutman indices of a graph G are defined as

$$DD(G) = \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G)} (d_G(v_i) + d_G(v_j))d_G(v_i, v_j)$$

and

$$Gut(G) = \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G)} d_G(v_i)d_G(v_j)d_G(v_i, v_j).$$

The degree distance index was introduced independently by A. A. Dobrynin, A. A. Kochetova [13] and Gutman [16]. The Degree distance closely related to Wiener index. The degree distance is structure descriptors based on molecular topology of quantitative relations between structure and activity [26] and its physico-chemical applications includes the prediction of boiling points and calculation of velocity of ultrasound in organic materials. The Gutman index was introduced by Gutman [16]. The Gutman index which is a variant of the well-known Wiener index, reflects precisely the same structural features of a molecular as the Wiener index [28]. For details about Degree distance and Gutman indices we refer to [3, 14, 25]. The vertex Padmakar-Ivan(PI) index [4] of a graph G is defined as

$$PI(G) = \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G)} [n_{e_i}(v_l|G) + n_{e_i}(v_m|G)],$$

where $n_{e=uv}(u|G)$ is the number of vertices in G that are closer to u than v in G . Ashrafi and Loghman [6, 7] have studied mathematical properties of the Padmakar-Ivan index and its applications in chemistry and nanoscience. For, more details see [5, 10, 24].

Let $e = uv$ and $f = xy$ be two distinct edges in G . The distance $d_G(e, f)$ between two edges e and f is given by $\min\{d_G(x, u), d_G(x, v), d_G(y, u), d_G(y, v)\}$. The edge-Wiener index $W_e(G)$ [9] of a graph G , is the sum of all distances between unordered pairs of vertices in the line graph $L(G)$ of G . Equivalently, edge-Wiener index of G is the Wiener index of the line graph $L(G)$ of G . i.e,

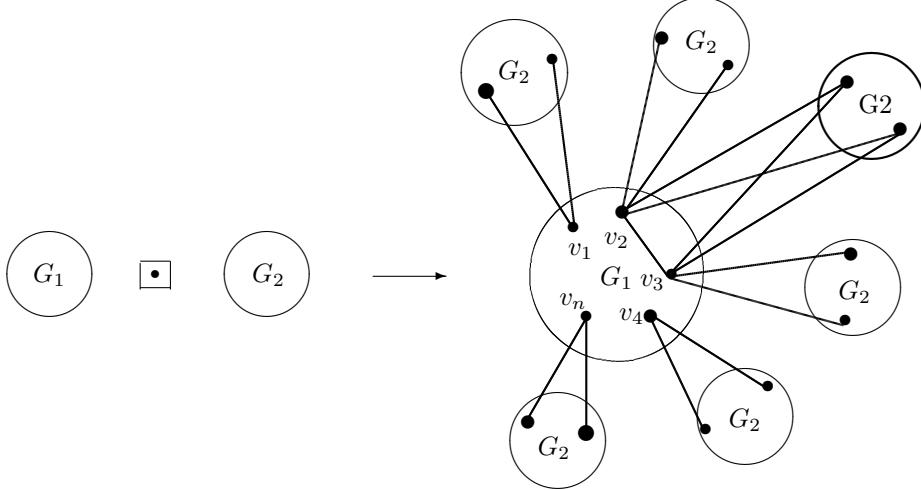
$$W_e(G) = W(L(G)) = \sum_{\{xy, uv\} \in E(G)} (\min\{d_G(x, u), d_G(x, v), d_G(y, u), d_G(y, v)\} + 1).$$

The corona $G_1 \circ G_2$ [15] of two graphs G_1 and G_2 , is the graph obtained by taking one copy of G_1 , $|V(G_1)|$ copies of G_2 and joining i-th vertex of G_1 to every vertex in the i-th copy of G_2 . The edge corona $G_1 \diamond G_2$ [21] of two graphs G_1 and G_2 , is the graph obtained by taking one copy of G_1 and $|E(G_1)|$ copies of G_2 and joining end vertices of i-th edge of G_1 to every vertex in the i-th copy of G_2 . Recently, various graph invariants of corona product of two graphs have been studied [1, 2, 27, 30]. Motivated by this, we establish vertex-edge corona of two graphs. Let G_1 be a graph with vertex set $V(G_1) = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{n_1}\}$ and edge set $E(G_1) = \{e_1, e_2, \dots, e_{m_1}\}$. Let G_2 be a graph with vertex set $V(G_2) = \{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_{n_2}\}$ and edge set $E(G_2) = \{e'_1, e'_2, \dots, e'_{m_2}\}$. The vertex-edge corona of two graphs G_1 and G_2 denoted by $G_1 \square G_2$, is the graph obtained by taking one copy of G_1 , $|V(G_1)|$ copies of G_2 and $|E(G_1)|$ copies of G_2 , then joining i-th vertex of G_1 to every vertex in the i-th vertex copy of G_2 and also joining end vertices of j-th edge of G_1 to every vertex in the j-th edge copy of G_2 , where $1 \leq i \leq n_1$ and $1 \leq j \leq m_1$.

Note that the vertex-edge corona $G_1 \square G_2$ of G_1 and G_2 has $n_1 + n_2(m_1 + n_1)$ vertices and $m_1 + m_1(m_2 + 2n_2) + n_1(m_2 + n_2)$ edges.

We denote, the vertex set of the j-th edge copy of G_2 by $V_{j_e}(G_2) = \{u_{j_2}, u_{j_2}, \dots, u_{j_{n_2}}\}$ and the vertex set of the i-th vertex copy of G_2 by $V_{i_v}(G_2) = \{w_{i_1}, w_{i_2}, \dots, w_{i_{n_2}}\}$. Also, we denote by $E_{j_e}(G_2)$ and $E_{i_v}(G_2)$, the edge set of the j-th edge and i-th vertex copy of G_2 , respectively.

FIGURE 1

Generalised vertex-edge corona of G_1 and G_2 graphs.

In this paper, we compute some topological indices of vertex-edge corona of two graphs. In the Section 2, we establish formulas for the Wiener index and Zagreb indices of vertex-edge corona of two graphs. Also, we compute the same for some

standard graphs. In the Section 3, we compute degree distance and Gutman index of vertex-edge corona of two graphs.

The following Lemmas follow immediately from the definition of vertex-edge corona of two graphs.

LEMMA 1.1. *We have,*

- a. $d_G(v_i) = (n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_i) + n_2, \forall v_i \in V(G_1).$
- b. $d_G(u_{ij}) = d_{G_2}(u_j) + 2, \forall u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2).$
- c. $d_G(w_{ij}) = d_{G_2}(w_j) + 1, \forall w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2).$

LEMMA 1.2. *We have,*

- a. $d_G(v_i, v_j) = d_{G_1}(v_i, v_j), \forall v_i, v_j \in V(G_1).$

$$b. d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}) = \begin{cases} 1, & \forall u_j u_k \in E_e(G_2), \\ 2, & \forall u_j u_k \notin E_e(G_2). \end{cases}$$

$$c. d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}) = \begin{cases} 1, & \forall w_j w_k \in E_v(G_2), \\ 2, & \forall w_j w_k \notin E_v(G_2). \end{cases}$$

$$d. d_G(u_{ij}, u_{km}) = d_{G_1}(e_i, e_k) + 2, \forall i \neq k.$$

$$e. d_G(w_{ij}, w_{km}) = d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2, \forall i \neq k.$$

f. For $e_i = v_l v_m,$

$$d_{G_1}(u_{ij}, v_k) = \begin{cases} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + 1}{2}, & \text{if } d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m), \\ \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 1, & \text{if } d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m) \end{cases}$$

$\forall u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2), v_k \in V(G_1).$

$$g. d_G(w_{ij}, v_k) = d_G(v_i, v_k) + 1, \forall w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2), v_k \in V(G_1).$$

h. For $e_i = v_l v_m,$

$$d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}) = \begin{cases} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + 3}{2}, & \text{if } d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m), \\ \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 2, & \text{if } d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m) \end{cases}$$

$\forall u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2), w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2).$

2. Wiener index, Zagreb indices of vertex-edge corona of two graphs

In this section, we compute Wiener index, first and second Zagreb indices of vertex-edge corona of two graphs.

THEOREM 2.1. *The Wiener index of $G := G_1 \square G_2$ is given by*

$$\begin{aligned} W(G_1 \square G_2) = & (1 + n_2)^2 W(G_1) + n_2^2 W_e(G_1) + \frac{n_2}{2} (n_2 + 1)(DD(G_1) - PI(G_1)) \\ & + n_1^2 n_2 (n_2 + 1) + n_2^2 m_1 ((1/2) + 3n_1 + (1/2)m_1) - n_2(m_1 + n_1) \\ & - m_2(n_1 + m_1). \end{aligned}$$

PROOF. The Wiener index of G is given by,

$$(2.1) \quad \begin{aligned} W(G) &= \sum_{\{u, v\} \subseteq V(G)} d_G(u, v) \\ &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 + A_5 + A_6 + A_7 + A_8, \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} A_1 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} d_G(v_i, v_j), \\ A_2 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_e}(G_2)} d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}), \\ A_3 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_v}(G_2)} d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}), \\ A_4 &= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} d_G(u_{ij}, u_{km}), \\ A_5 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} d_G(w_{ij}, w_{km}), \\ A_6 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} d_G(u_{ij}, v_k), \\ A_7 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} d_G(w_{ij}, v_k), \\ A_8 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_k(G_2)}} d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}). \end{aligned}$$

From Lemma 1.2, we have the following.

$$(2.2) \quad \begin{aligned} A_1 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} d_G(v_i, v_j) \\ &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i, v_j) \\ &= W(G_1), \end{aligned}$$

$$(2.3) \quad \begin{aligned} A_2 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_e}(G_2)} d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}) \\ &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ 2 \sum_{\{u_j, u_k\} \subseteq V(G_2)} - \sum_{u_j u_k \in E(G_2)} \right\} \\ &= m_1(n_2(n_2 - 1) - m_2), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_3 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_v}(G_2)} d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \left\{ 2 \sum_{\{w_j, w_k\} \subseteq V(G_2)} - \sum_{w_j w_k \in E(G_2)} \right\} \\
(2.4) \quad &= n_1(n_2(n_2 - 1) - m_2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_4 &= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} d_G(u_{ij}, u_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} (d_{G_1}(e_i, e_k) + 2) \\
&= n_2^2 \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \in E(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(e_i, e_k) + 2) \\
(2.5) \quad &= n_2^2(W_e(G_1) + m_1(m_1 - 1)/2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_5 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} d_G(w_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2) \\
&= n_2^2 \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \in V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2) \\
(2.6) \quad &= n_2^2(W(G_1) + n_1(n_1 - 1)),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_6 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} d_G(u_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} n_2 \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + 1}{2} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} \left(\frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 1 \right) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= n_2 \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} \right\} \\
&\quad + n_2 \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \frac{2n_1 - (n_{e_i}(v_l/G_1) + n_{e_i}(v_m/G_1))}{2} \right\} \\
&= \frac{n_2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 2n_1m_1 - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
&= \frac{n_2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_i v_j \in E(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2n_1m_1 - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
&= \frac{n_2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i) d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2n_1m_1 - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
&= \frac{n_2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_i) + d_{G_1}(v_k)) d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2n_1m_1 - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
(2.7) \quad &= \frac{n_2}{2} \{ DD(G_1) + 2n_1m_1 - PI(G_1) \},
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_7 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i,j}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} d_G(w_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i,j}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} (d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 1) \\
&= n_2 \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 1) \\
(2.8) \quad &= n_2(2W(G_1) + n_1^2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_8 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i,j}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k,m}(G_2)}} d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} n_2^2 \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + 3}{2} \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 2 \Bigg\} \\
& = \frac{n_2^2}{2} \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} 3 \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} 4 \right\} \\
& = \frac{n_2^2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) \right\} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \frac{4n_1 - (n_{e_i}(v_l/G_1) + n_{e_i}(v_m/G_1))}{2} \right\} \right\} \\
& = \frac{n_2^2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 4n_1m_1 - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
& = \frac{n_2^2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_i v_j \in E(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 4n_1m_1 - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
& = \frac{n_2^2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i)d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 4n_1m_1 - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
& = \frac{n_2^2}{2} \left\{ \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_i) + d_{G_1}(v_k))d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 4n_1m_1 - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
(2.9) \quad & = \frac{n_2^2}{2} (DD(G_1) + 4n_1m_1 - PI(G_1)).
\end{aligned}$$

Substituting (2.2), (2.3), (2.4), (2.5), (2.6), (2.7), (2.8) and (2.9) in (2.1), we obtain the required result. \square

COROLLARY 2.1. Let G_1 be a bipartite graph. Then, the Wiener index of $G_1 \square G_2$ is given by

$$\begin{aligned} W(G_1 \square G_2) &= (1 + n_2)^2 W(G_1) + n_2^2 W_e(G_1) + \frac{n_2}{2}(n_2 + 1)(DD(G_1) - n_1 m_1) \\ &\quad + n_1^2 n_2(n_2 + 1) + n_2^2 m_1((1/2) + 3n_1 + (1/2)m_1) - n_2(m_1 + n_1) \\ &\quad - m_2(n_1 + m_1). \end{aligned}$$

In the next theorem, we compute first Zagreb index of vertex-edge corona of G_1 and G_2 graphs.

THEOREM 2.2. The First zagreb index of $G := G_1 \square G_2$ is given by

$$\begin{aligned} M_1(G) &= (n_2 + 1)^2 M_1(G_1) + M_1(G_2)(m_1 + n_1) + 8m_1(n_2 + m_2) + n_2^2(4m_1 + n_1) \\ &\quad + n_1(n_2 + 4m_2). \end{aligned}$$

PROOF. We have,

$$\begin{aligned} M_1(G) &= \sum_{v \in V(G)} d_G^2(v) \\ &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} d_G^2(v_i) + \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_{ij} \in V(G_2)} d_G^2(u_{ij}) + \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} \in V(G_2)} d_G^2(w_{ij}) \\ (2.10) \quad &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3. \end{aligned}$$

We compute A_1, A_2 and A_3 using Lemma 1.1 as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} A_1 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} d_G^2(v_i) \\ &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} ((n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_i) + n_2)^2 \\ &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} (n_2 + 1)^2 d_{G_1}^2(v_i) + n_2^2 + 2(n_2 + 1)n_2 d_{G_1}(v_i) \\ &= (n_2 + 1)^2 M_1(G_1) + n_2^2 n_1 + 2n_2(n_2 + 1)2m_1 \\ (2.11) \quad &= (n_2 + 1)^2 M_1(G_1) + 4n_2 m_1(n_2 + 1) + n_1 n_2^2, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_2 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_{ij} \in V(G_2)} d_G^2(u_{ij}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2)^2 \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_j \in V_e(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_j)^2 + 4 + 4d_{G_2}(u_j)) \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} (M_1(G_2) + 4n_2 + 8m_2) \\
(2.12) \quad &= m_1(M_1(G_2) + 4n_2 + 8m_2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_3 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2)} d_G^2(w_{ij}) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_{ij}) + 1)^2 \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_{G_2}^2(w_{ij}) + 1 + 2d_{G_2}(w_{ij})) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} (M_1(G_2) + n_2 + 4m_2) \\
(2.13) \quad &= n_1(M_1(G_2) + n_2 + 4m_2).
\end{aligned}$$

Using (2.11), (2.12) and (2.13) in (2.10), we complete the proof of the theorem. \square

Next, we establish formula for second Zagreb index of vertex-edge corona of G_1 and G_2 graphs.

THEOREM 2.3. *The second Zagreb index of vertex-edge corona $G := G_1 \square G_2$ is given by*

$$\begin{aligned}
M_2(G) &= (n_2 + 1)^2 M_2(G_1) + M_1(G_1)(n_2 + 1)(3n_2 + 2m_2) + M_2(G_2)(m_1 + n_1) \\
&\quad + m_1 n_2 (7n_2 + 2) + M_1(G_2)(2m_1 + n_1) + n_1(n_2^2 + m_2(2n_2 + 1)) \\
&\quad + 8m_1 m_2(n_2 + 1).
\end{aligned}$$

PROOF. From the definition of $M_2(G)$, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
M_2(G) &= \sum_{e_i=uv \in E(G)} d_G(u)d_G(v) \\
(2.14) \quad &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 + A_5,
\end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_1 &= \sum_{v_i v_j \in E(G_1)} d_G(v_i) d_G(v_j), \\
 A_2 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_{ij} u_{ik} \in E_{i_e}(G_2)} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(u_{ik}), \\
 A_3 &= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2)} (d_G(v_l) + d_G(v_m)) d_G(u_{ij}), \\
 A_4 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} w_{ik} \in E_{i_v}(G_2)} d_G(w_{ij}) d_G(w_{ik}), \\
 A_5 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2)} d_G(v_i) d_G(w_{ij}).
 \end{aligned}$$

Employing Lemma 1.1, we compute A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4 , and A_5 .

$$\begin{aligned}
 (2.15) \quad A_1 &= \sum_{v_i v_j \in E(G_1)} d_G(v_i) d_G(v_j) \\
 &= \sum_{v_i v_j \in E(G_1)} (n_2 + 1) d_{G_1}(v_i) + n_2 ((n_2 + 1) d_{G_1}(v_j) + n_2) \\
 &= \sum_{v_i v_j \in E(G_1)} [(n_2 + 1)^2 d_{G_1}(v_i) d_{G_1}(v_j) + n_2(n_2 + 1)(d_{G_1}(v_i) + d_{G_1}(v_j)) + n_2^2] \\
 &= (n_2 + 1)^2 M_2(G_1) + n_2(n_2 + 1) M_1(G_1) + m_1 n_2^2,
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (2.16) \quad A_2 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_{ij} u_{ik} \in E_{i_e}(G_2)} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(u_{ik}) \\
 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_j u_k \in E(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_j) + 2)(d_{G_2}(u_k) + 2) \\
 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_j u_k \in E(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_j) d_{G_2}(u_k) + 2d_{G_2}(u_j) + 2d_{G_2}(u_k) + 4) \\
 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \{M_2(G_2) + 2M_1(G_1) + 4m_2\} \\
 &= m_1(M_2(G_2) + 2M_1(G_2) + 4m_2),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A_3 = \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2)} (d_G(v_l) + d_G(v_m)) d_G(u_{ij})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_j \in V(G_2)} [(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_i) + n_2 + (n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_m) + n_2] \\
&\quad (d_{G_2}(u_j) + 2) \\
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{u_j \in V(G_2)} [(n_2 + 1)(d_{G_1}(v_i) + d_{G_1}(v_m)) + 2n_2](d_{G_2}(u_j) + 2) \\
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} [(n_2 + 1)(d_{G_1}(v_i) + d_{G_1}(v_m)) + 2n_2](2m_2 + 2n_2) \\
(2.17) \quad &= 2(n_2 + 1)M_1(G_1)(m_2 + n_2) + 4m_1(n_2m_2 + n_2^2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_4 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} w_{ik} \in E_{i_v}(G_2)} d_G(w_{ij})d_G(w_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_j w_k \in E(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_j + 1)(d_{G_2}(w_k) + 1)) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_j w_k \in E(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_j)d_{G_2}(w_k) + d_{G_2}(w_j) + d_{G_2}(w_k) + 1) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} (M_2(G_2) + M_1(G_2) + m_2) \\
(2.18) \quad &= n_1(M_2(G_2) + M_1(G_2) + m_2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_5 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2)} d_G(v_i)d_G(w_{ij}) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_j \in V(G_2)} ((n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_i) + n_2)(d_{G_2}(w_j) + 1) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} \in V(G_2)} ((n_2 + 1)(d_{G_1}(v_i)d_{G_2}(w_j) + d_{G_1}(v_i)) + n_2d_{G_2}(w_j) + n_2) \\
(2.19) \quad &= 2m_1(n_2 + 1)(2m_2 + n_2) + n_1n_2(2m_2 + n_2).
\end{aligned}$$

Using (2.15), (2.16), (2.17), (2.18), (2.19) in (2.14), we determine the required result. \square

It is well-known that $M_1(P_n) = 4n - 6$ ($n \geq 2$), $M_1(C_n) = 4n$, $M_1(K_n) = n(n-1)^2$, $M_2(P_n) = 4n - 8$ ($n \geq 3$), $M_2(C_n) = 4n$, $M_2(K_n) = n(n-1)^3/2$. Using these facts, in Theorems (2.10) and (2.14), we obtain the following corollaries.

COROLLARY 2.2. *We have*

- a. $M_1(P_n \square P_m) = 9m^2n - 10m^2 + 37mn - 32m - 20n + 8$.
- b. $M_1(P_n \square C_m) = 9m^2n - 10m^2 + 37mn - 32m + 4n - 6$.
- c. $M_1(P_n \square K_m) = 2m^3n - m^3 + 11m^2n - 12m^2 + 13mn - 17m + 4n - 6$.
- d. $M_1(C_n \square C_m) = 9m^2n + 37mn + 4n$.

- e. $M_1(C_n \square P_m) = 9m^2n + 37mn - 20n.$
- f. $M_1(C_n \square K_m) = 2m^3n + 11m^2n + 13mn + 4n.$
- g. $M_1(K_n \square K_m) = m^2n^3 + m^2n^2 + 2mn^3 - m^2n - (3/2)mn^2 + n^3 - (1/2)mn - 2n^2 + n + (1/2)m^3(n + n^2).$
- h. $M_1(K_n \square P_m) = m^2n^3 + 2mn^3 + 6mn^2 + n^3 + mn - 9n^2 - 2n.$
- i. $M_1(K_n \square C_m) = m^2n^3 + 2mn^3 + 6mn^2 + n^3 + mn - 2n^2 + n.$

COROLLARY 2.3. *We have*

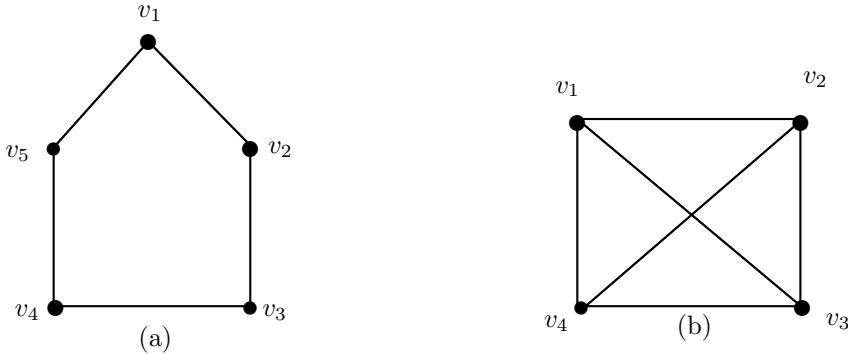
- a. $M_2(P_n \square P_m) = 42m^2n - 53m^2 + 29mn + 12n^2 - 40m - 55n + 32$
- b. $M_2(P_n \square C_m) = 42m^2n - 53m^2 + 59mn - 68m + 4n - 8.$
- c. $M_2(P_n \square K_m) = 9nm^3 + m^4n + (41/2)m^2n + (31/2)nm - (61/2)m^2 - (55/2)m - 8 + 4n - (21/2)m^3 - (1/2)m^4.$
- d. $M_2(C_n \square P_m) = 42m^2n + 41mn - 47n.$
- e. $M_2(C_n \square C_m) = 42m^2n + 59mn + 4n.$
- f. $M_2(C_n \square K_m) = (41/2)nm^2 + (31/2)nm + 4n + 9nm^3 + m^4n.$
- g. $M_2(K_n \square P_m) = (1/2)m^2n^4 + (7/2)m^2n^3 + (1/2)n^4 - (7/2)n^3 - (17/2)n^2 + 2nm - (7/2)n + mn^4 - m^2n^2 + 4mn^2.$
- h. $M_2(K_n \square C_m) = mn^4 - m^2n^2 + 4mn^2 + (1/2)m^2n^4 + (7/2)m^2n^3 + (1/2)n^4 - (3/2)n^3 + (3/2)n^2 + 2nm - (1/2)n + 2mn^3.$
- i. $M_2(K_n \square K_m) = mn^4 - (1/4)m^2n^2 - (9/4)mn^2 + (1/2)m^2n^4 + (3/2)m^2n^3 + (1/4)nm^2 - (3/4)nm^3 + (1/4)m^4n + (1/2)n^4 - (3/2)n^3 - (3/4)m^3n^2 + (1/4)m^4n^2 + n^2m(m - 1)^2 + m^3n^3 + (3/2)n^2 + (5/4)nm - (1/2)n - mn^3.$

3. Degree Distance and Gutman index of vertex-edge corona of two graphs

For a graph G , we define

$$C(G) := \sum_{\substack{w \in V(G) \\ e=uv \in E(G) \\ d_G(w,v)=d_G(u,w)}} d_G(w).$$

EXAMPLE 3.1.



(a): We have,

$$\begin{aligned} C(G) &= d_G(v_1) + d_G(v_2) + d_G(v_3) + d_G(v_4) + d_G(v_5) \\ &= 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 \\ &= 10. \end{aligned}$$

(b): We have,

$$\begin{aligned} C(G) &= d_G(v_1) + d_G(v_2) + d_G(v_3) + d_G(v_4) + d_G(v_5) + d_G(v_6) \\ &= 2 + 3 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 3 \\ &= 16. \end{aligned}$$

In this section, we compute the degree distance and Gutman index of vertex-edge corona of two graphs.

THEOREM 3.1. *The degree distance of vertex-edge corona $G := G_1 \square G_2$ of G_1 and G_2 is given by*

$$\begin{aligned} DD(G) &= (3n_2^2 + 2n_2m_2 + 3n_2 + m_2 + 1)DD(G_1) - M_1(G_2)(n_1 + m_1) - 8m_1m_2 \\ &\quad + 4n_2W_e(G_1)(n_2 + m_2) + 4W(G_1)(n_2^2 + n_2m_2 + n_2 + m_2) + m_1^2n_2^2 \\ &\quad - 2n_1(n_2 - 3m_2) + n_1^2(3n_2^2 + 4n_2m_2 + n_2 + 2m_2) + 2m_1n_2(m_1m_2 - 2) \\ &\quad + 2m_1^2n_2 + n_2^2(9n_1m_1 + 3m_1^2 + 2m_1) - PI(G_1)(2n_2^2 + n_2 + 2n_2m_2 + m_2) \\ &\quad + 4n_1n_2m_1(2m_2 + 1) + n_2(n_2 + 1)(\frac{1}{2}C(G_1) + Gut(G_1)) \\ &\quad + 2m_1m_2(n_1 + n_2). \end{aligned}$$

PROOF.

$$\begin{aligned} DD(G) &= \sum_{\{x, y\} \subseteq V(G)} (d_G(x) + d_G(y)) d_G(x, y) \\ (3.1) \quad &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 + A_5 + A_6 + A_7 + A_8, \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_1 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} (d_G(v_i) + d_G(v_j))d_G(v_i, v_j), \\
 A_2 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_e}(G_2)} (d_G(u_{ij}) + d_G(u_{ik}))d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}), \\
 A_3 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_G(w_{ij}) + d_G(w_{ik}))d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}), \\
 A_4 &= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \subseteq E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} (d_G(u_{ij}) + d_G(u_{km}))d_G(u_{ij}, u_{km}), \\
 A_5 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_G(w_{ij}) + d_G(w_{km}))d_G(w_{ij}, w_{km}), \\
 A_6 &= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} (d_G(u_{ij}) + d_G(v_k))d_G(u_{ij}, v_k), \\
 A_7 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_G(w_{ij}) + d_G(v_k))d_G(w_{ij}, v_k), \\
 A_8 &= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_G(u_{ij}) + d_G(w_{km}))d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}).
 \end{aligned}$$

Using Lemmas 1.1 and 1.2, we have,

$$\begin{aligned}
 (3.2) \quad A_1 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} (d_G(v_i) + d_G(v_j))d_G(v_i, v_j) \\
 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} ((n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_i) + n_2 + (n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_j) + n_2)d_{G_1}(v_i, v_j) \\
 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} ((n_2 + 1)(d_{G_1}(v_i) + d_{G_1}(v_j)) + 2n_2)d_{G_1}(v_i, v_j) \\
 &= (n_2 + 1)DD(G_1) + 2n_2W(G_1),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_2 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_e}(G_2)} (d_G(u_{ij}) + d_G(u_{ik}))d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}) \\
 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_e}(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2 + d_{G_2}(u_{ik}) + 2)d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}) \\
 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_e}(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + d_{G_2}(u_{ik}) + 4)d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ 2 \sum_{\{u_j, u_k\} \subseteq V(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_j) + d_{G_2}(u_k) + 4) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \sum_{u_j u_k \in E(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_j) + d_{G_2}(u_k) + 4) \right\} \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ 2(n_2 - 1) \sum_{u_j \in V(G_2)} d_{G_2}(u_j) + 4(n_2 - 1)n_2 - M_1(G_2) - 4m_2 \right\} \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \{2(n_2 - 1)2m_2 + 4(n_2 - 1)n_2 - M_1(G_2) - 4m_2\} \\
(3.3) \quad &= m_1(4(n_2 - 1)(m_2 + n_2) - 4m_2 - M_1(G_2)),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_3 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_G(w_{ij}) + d_G(w_{ik}))d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_{ij}) + 1 + d_{G_2}(w_{ik}) + 1)d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_{ij}) + d_{G_2}(w_{ik}) + 2)d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \left\{ 2 \sum_{\{w_j, w_k\} \subseteq V(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_j) + d_{G_2}(w_k) + 2) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \sum_{w_j w_k \in E(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_j) + d_{G_2}(w_k) + 2) \right\} \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \left\{ 2(n_2 - 1) \sum_{w_j \in V(G_2)} d_{G_2}(w_j) + 2(n_2 - 1)n_2 - M_1(G_2) - 2m_2 \right\} \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} (2(n_2 - 1)2m_2 + 2(n_2 - 1)n_2 - M_1(G_2) - 2m_2) \\
(3.4) \quad &= n_1(2(n_2 - 1)(2m_2 + n_2) - M_1(G_2) - 2m_2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_4 &= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \subseteq E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} (d_G(u_{ij}) + d_G(u_{km}))d_G(u_{ij}, u_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \subseteq E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2 + d_{G_2}(u_{km}) + 2)(d_{G_1}(e_i, e_k) + 2) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \subseteq E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} [(d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + d_{G_2}(u_{km}) + 4)(d_{G_1}(e_i, e_k) + 2)] \right\} \\
&= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \subseteq E(G_1)} (4m_2n_2 + 4n_2^2)(d_{G_1}(e_i, e_k) + 2) \\
(3.5) \quad &= 4n_2(m_2 + n_2)(W_e(G_1) + m_1(m_1 - 1)/2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_5 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_G(w_{ij}) + d_G(w_{km}))d_G(w_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_{G_2}(w_{ij}) + 1 + d_{G_2}(w_{km}) + 1)(d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2) \right\} \\
&= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} (4m_2n_2 + 2n_2^2)(d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2) \\
(3.6) \quad &= 2n_2(2m_2 + n_2)(W(G_1) + n_1(n_1 - 1)).
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_6 &= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} (d_G(u_{ij}) + d_G(v_k))d_G(u_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2 + (n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k) + n_2)d_G(u_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} (2m_2 + 2n_2 + n_2^2 + n_2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k))d_G(u_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + 1}{2} \right\} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} \left\{ \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 1 \right\} \right\} (2m_2 + 2n_2 + n_2^2) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + 1}{2} \right\} \\
& + \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} \left\{ \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 1 \right\} \right\} (n_2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)) \\
& = \frac{(2m_2 + 2n_2 + n_2^2)}{2} \left\{ \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)) \right. \\
& + \left. \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} (2n_1 - (n_{e_i}(v_l/G_1) + n_{e_i}(v_m/G_1))) \right\} \\
& + \frac{n_2(n_2 + 1)}{2} \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} d_{G_1}(v_k) + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} 2 d_{G_1}(v_k) \right. \\
& + \left. \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)) d_{G_1}(v_k) \right\} \\
& = \frac{(2m_2 + 2n_2 + n_2^2)}{2} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_i v_j \in E(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2n_1 m_1 \right. \\
& \left. - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
& + \frac{n_2(n_2 + 1)}{2} \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)) d_{G_1}(v_k) \right. \\
& + \left. \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} d_{G_1}(v_k) + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} 2 d_{G_1}(v_k) \right\} \\
& = \frac{(2m_2 + 2n_2 + n_2^2)}{2} \left\{ \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i) d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2n_1 m_1 - PI(G_1) \right\} \\
& + \frac{n_2(n_2 + 1)}{2} \left\{ \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)) d_{G_1}(v_k) \right. \\
& + \left. \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} 2m_1 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} d_{G_1}(v_k) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{(2m_2 + 2n_2 + n_2^2)}{2} \left\{ \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} ((d_{G_1}(v_i) + d_{G_1}(v_k))d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 2n_1m_1 - PI(G_1)) \right\} \\
&\quad + \frac{n_2(n_2 + 1)}{2} \left\{ \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)) d_{G_1}(v_k) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 2m_1^2 + \frac{1}{2}C(G_1) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

Using (2.9) in above equation, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{(2m_2 + 2n_2 + n_2^2)}{2} (DD(G_1) + 2n_1m_1 - PI(G_1)) + n_2(n_2 + 1)(Gut(G_1) + m_1^2) \\
(3.7) \quad &\quad + n_2(n_2 + 1)\frac{1}{2}C(G_1).
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_7 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_G(w_{ij}) + d_G(v_k))d_G(w_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_j \in V(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} (d_{G_2}(w_j) + 1 + (n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k) + n_2)(d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 1) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) \sum_{\substack{w_j \in V(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} (d_{G_2}(w_j) + (n_2 + 1) + (n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)) \\
&\quad + \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_j \in V(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} (d_{G_2}(w_j) + (n_2 + 1) + (n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) \{2m_2 + n_2(n_2 + 1) + n_2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)\} \\
&\quad + \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \{2m_2 + n_2(n_2 + 1) + n_2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)\} \\
&= 4m_2W(G_1) + W(G_1)n_2(n_2 + 1) + DD(G_1)n_2(n_2 + 1) + 2m_2n_1^2 \\
&\quad + n_1^2n_2(n_2 + 1) + 2m_1n_1n_2(n_2 + 1)
\end{aligned}$$

$$(3.8) \quad = (2m_2 + n_2(1 + n_2))(2W(G_1) + n_1^2) + n_2(n_2 + 1)(DD(G_1) + 2m_1n_1),$$

$$A_8 = \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_G(u_{ij}) + d_G(w_{km}))d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2 + d_{G_2}(w_{km}) + 1) d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + d_{G_2}(w_{km}) + 3) d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} (4m_2 n_2 + 3n_2^2) d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= (4m_2 n_2 + 3n_2^2) \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + 3}{2} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} \left\{ \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 2 \right\} \right\} \\
&= (4m_2 n_2 + 3n_2^2) \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} 3 + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} 4 \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

Using (2.9) in above equation, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
(3.9) \quad &= \frac{(4m_2 n_2 + 3n_2^2)}{2} (DD(G_1) + 4n_1 m_1 - PI(G_1)).
\end{aligned}$$

Substituting (3.2), (3.3), (3.4), (3.5), (3.6), (3.7), (3.8) and (3.9) in (3.1). Hence the proof. \square

COROLLARY 3.1. Let G_1 be a bipartite graph. Then,

$$\begin{aligned}
DD(G) &= (3n_2^2 + 2n_2 m_2 + 3n_2 + m_2 + 1) DD(G_1) - M_1(G_2)(n_1 + m_1) - 8m_1 m_2 \\
&\quad + 4n_2 W_e(G_1)(n_2 + m_2) + 4W(G_1)(n_2^2 + n_2 m_2 + n_2 + m_2) + m_1^2 n_2^2 \\
&\quad - 2n_1(n_2 - 3m_2) + n_1^2(3n_2^2 + 4n_2 m_2 + n_2 + 2m_2) + 2m_1 n_2(m_1 m_2 - 2) \\
&\quad + 2m_1^2 n_2 + n_2^2(9n_1 m_1 + 3m_1^2 + 2m_1) - n_1 m_1(2n_2^2 + n_2 + 2n_2 m_2 + m_2) \\
&\quad + 4n_1 n_2 m_1(2m_2 + 1) + n_2(n_2 + 1) Gut(G_1) + 2m_1 m_2(n_1 + n_2).
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM 3.2. *The Gutman index of vertex-edge corona $G := G_1 \square G_2$ of G_1 and G_2 is given by*

$$\begin{aligned} Gut(G) = & Gut(G_1)(n_2(3n_2 + 2m_2 + 4) + 2m_2 + 1) - M_2(G_2)(m_1 + n_1) \\ & - 2PI(G_1)(n_2(n_2 + 2m_2) + m_2^2) + C(G_1)(n_2(n_2 + m_2 + 1) + m_2) \\ & + 2DD(G_1)(n_2(2n_2 + 3m_2 + 1) + m_2(m_2 + 1)) - M_1(G_2)(2n_1 + 3m_1) \\ & + (W(G_1) + W_e(G_1))(4n_2(n_2 + 2m_2) + 4m_2^2) + (n_2^2 + m_2^2)(8n_1m_1 + 2m_1) \\ & + m_1^2(4n_2^2 + 6n_2m_2 + 2m_2^2 + 2n_2 + 2m_2) + (2n_2^2 + 6n_2m_2 + 4m_2^2)n_1^2 \\ & + 4m_1m_2(n_1 + n_2 - 3) + n_1(n_2 - 5m_2) + 2n_2m_1(9n_1m_2 + n_1 - 2). \end{aligned}$$

PROOF.

$$\begin{aligned} Gut(G) &= \sum_{\{x, y\} \subseteq V(G)} d_G(x) d_G(y) d_G(x, y) \\ (3.10) \quad &= A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 + A_5 + A_6 + A_7 + A_8, \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} A_1 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} d_G(v_i) d_G(v_j) d_G(v_i, v_j), \\ A_2 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{ie}(G_2)} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(u_{ik}) d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}), \\ A_3 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{iv}(G_2)} d_G(w_{ij}) d_G(w_{ik}) d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}), \\ A_4 &= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{ie}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{ke}(G_2)}} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(u_{km}) d_G(u_{ij}, u_{km}), \\ A_5 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{iv}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{kv}(G_2)}} d_G(w_{ij}) d_G(w_{km}) d_G(w_{ij}, w_{km}), \\ A_6 &= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{ie}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(v_k) d_G(u_{ij}, v_k), \\ A_7 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{iv}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} d_G(w_{ij}) d_G(v_k) d_G(w_{ij}, v_k), \\ A_8 &= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{ie}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{kv}(G_2)}} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(w_{km}) d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}). \end{aligned}$$

We compute A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4 , and A_5 using Lemmas 1.1 and 1.2 as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
A_1 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} d_G(v_i) d_G(v_j) d_G(v_i, v_j) \\
&= \sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \subseteq V(G_1)} ((n_2 + 1)^2 d_{G_1}(v_i) d_{G_1}(v_j) + (n_2 + 1)n_2(d_{G_1}(v_i) + d_{G_1}(v_j)) + n_2^2) \\
&\quad d_{G_1}(v_i, v_j) \\
(3.11) \quad &= (n_2 + 1)^2 Gut(G_1) + (n_2 + 1)n_2 DD(G_1) + n_2^2 W(G_1),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_2 &= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_e}(G_2)} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(u_{ik}) d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_e}(G_2)} ((d_G(u_{ij} + 2)(d_G(u_{ik}) + 2))) d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\{u_{ij}, u_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_e}(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) d_{G_2}(u_{ik}) + 2(d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + d_{G_2}(u_{ik})) + 4) \\
&\quad d_G(u_{ij}, u_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \left\{ 2 \sum_{\{u_j, u_k\} \subseteq V(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_j) d_{G_2}(u_k) + 2(d_{G_2}(u_j) + d_{G_2}(u_k)) + 4) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \sum_{u_j u_k \in E(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(u_j) d_{G_2}(u_k) + 2(d_{G_2}(u_j) + d_{G_2}(u_k)) + 4) \right\} \\
&= \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} (4m_2^2 - M_1(G_2) + 4(n_2 - 1)2m_2 + 4(n_2 - 1)n_2 - M_2(G_2) \\
&\quad - 2M_1(G_2) - 4m_2) \\
(3.12) \quad &= m_1(4m_2^2 + 4(n_2 - 1)(2m_2 + n_2) - 3M_1(G_2) - M_2(G_2) - 4m_2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_3 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_v}(G_2)} d_G(w_{ij}) d_G(w_{ik}) d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_G(w_{ij}) + 1)(d_G(w_{ik}) + 1) d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik}) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\{w_{ij}, w_{ik}\} \subseteq V_{i_v}(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_{ij}) d_{G_2}(w_{ik}) + (d_{G_2}(w_{ij}) + d_{G_2}(w_{ik})) + 1) \\
&\quad d_G(w_{ij}, w_{ik})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \left\{ 2 \sum_{\{w_j, w_k\} \subseteq V(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_j)d_{G_2}(w_k) + (d_{G_2}(w_j) + d_{G_2}(w_k)) + 1 \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \sum_{w_j w_k \in E(G_2)} (d_{G_2}(w_j)d_{G_2}(w_k) + (d_{G_2}(w_j) + d_{G_2}(w_k)) + 1) \right\} \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} (4m_2^2 - M_1(G_2) + 2(n_2 - 1)2m_2 + (n_2 - 1)n_2 - M_2(G_2) \\
&\quad - M_1(G_2) - m_2) \\
(3.13) \quad &= n_1(4m_2^2 + (n_2 - 1)(4m_2 + n_2) - 2M_1(G_2) - M_2(G_2) - m_2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_4 &= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(u_{km}) d_G(u_{ij}, u_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \subseteq E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} ((d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2)(d_{G_2}(u_{km}) + 2))(d_{G_1}(e_i, e_k) + 2) \right\} \\
&= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \subseteq E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ u_{km} \in V_{k_e}(G_2)}} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij})d_{G_2}(u_{km}) + 2d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2d_{G_2}(u_{km}) + 4) \\
&\quad (d_{G_1}(e_i, e_k) + 2) \\
&= \sum_{\{e_i, e_k\} \subseteq E(G_1)} (4m_2^2 + 4n_2^2 + 4m_2n_2 + 4m_2n_2)(d_{G_1}(e_i, e_k) + 2) \\
(3.14) \quad &= 4(m_2 + n_2)^2(W_e(G_1) + m_1(m_1 - 1)/2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_5 &= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} d_G(w_{ij}) d_G(w_{km}) d_G(w_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_{G_2}(w_{ij}) + 1)(d_{G_2}(w_{km}) + 1)(d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i,v}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k,v}(G_2)}} (d_{G_2}(w_{ij})d_{G_2}(w_{km}) + d_{G_2}(w_{ij}) + d_{G_2}(w_{km}) + 1) \\
&\quad (d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2) \\
&= \sum_{\{v_i, v_k\} \subseteq V(G_1)} (4m_2^2 + n_2^2 + 4m_2n_2) (d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 2) \\
(3.15) \quad &= (2m_2 + n_2)^2 (W(G_1) + n_1(n_1 - 1)).
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_6 &= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i,e}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(v_k) d_G(u_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i,e}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2)((n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k) + n_2)d_G(u_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i,e}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} ((d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2)(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k) + n_2(d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2)) \\
&\quad d_G(u_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + 1}{2} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} 1 + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} \right\} \\
&\quad ((n_2 + 1)2m_2d_{G_1}(v_k) + 2n_2m_2 + 2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k) + 2n_2^2) \\
&= \sum_{e_i = v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} (2(n_2^2 + m_2n_2)) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} 1 \right\} (2(n_2^2 + m_2n_2)) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} (2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)(m_2 + n_2)) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} 1 \right\} (2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)(m_2 + n_2)) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} (2(n_2^2 + m_2 n_2)) \right. \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} (2n_1 - (n_{e_i}(v_l/G_1) + n_{e_i}(v_m/G_1))(2(n_2^2 + m_2 n_2))) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} (d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m))(2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)(m_2 + n_2)) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} (2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)(m_2 + n_2)) \\
&\quad \left. + \sum_{e_i \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} (2(n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k)(m_2 + n_2)) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

Using (2.9) in above equation, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (m_2 n_2 + n_2^2)(DD(G_1) + 2n_1 m_1 - PI(G_1)) + (n_2 + 1)(m_2 + n_2)(2Gut(G_1) + 2m_1^2) \\
(3.16) \quad &\quad + (n_2 + 1)(m_2 + n_2)C(G_1),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_7 &= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} d_G(w_{ij}) d_G(v_k) d_G(w_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_{ij} \in V_{i_v}(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} (d_{G_2}(w_{ij}) + 1)((n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k) + n_2)d_G(w_{ij}, v_k) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{w_j \in V(G_2) \\ v_k \in V(G_1)}} ((d_{G_2}(w_j)d_{G_1}(v_k)(n_2 + 1) + n_2 d_{G_2}(w_j) + (n_2 + 1)d_{G_1}(v_k) + n_2) \\
&\quad (d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 1)) \\
&= \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} (2m_2 d_{G_1}(v_k)(n_2 + 1) + n_2 2m_2 + (n_2 + 1)n_2 d_{G_1}(v_k) + n_2^2) \\
&\quad (d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) + 1) \\
&= (2m_2(n_2 + 1) + (n_2 + 1)n_2) \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_k) d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) \\
&\quad + \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} n_2(n_2 + 2m_2) + n_2(n_2 + 2m_2) \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_i, v_k) \\
&\quad + (2m_2(n_2 + 1) + (n_2 + 1)n_2) \sum_{v_i \in V(G_1)} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_k) \\
(3.17) \quad &= (DD(G_1) + 2m_1 n_1)(n_2 + 1)(2m_2 + n_2) + n_2(n_2 + 2m_2)(2W(G_1) + n_1^2),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_8 &= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} d_G(u_{ij}) d_G(w_{km}) d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2)(d_{G_2}(w_{km}) + 1)d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \sum_{\substack{u_{ij} \in V_{i_e}(G_2) \\ w_{km} \in V_{k_v}(G_2)}} (d_{G_2}(u_{ij})d_{G_2}(w_{km}) + d_{G_2}(u_{ij}) + 2d_{G_2}(w_{km}) + 2) \\
&\quad d_G(u_{ij}, w_{km}) \\
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) + 3}{2} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} \left\{ \frac{d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m)}{2} + 2 \right\} \right\} (4m_2^2 + 6m_2n_2 + 2n_2^2) \\
&= \sum_{e_i=v_l v_m \in E(G_1)} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{v_k \in V(G_1)} d_{G_1}(v_l, v_k) + d_{G_1}(v_k, v_m) (4m_2^2 + 6m_2n_2 + 2n_2^2) \\
&\quad + \sum_{e_i \in E(G_2)} (4m_2^2 + 6m_2n_2 + 2n_2^2) \left\{ \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) \neq d(v_k, v_m)}} \frac{3}{2} + \sum_{\substack{v_k \in V(G_1) \\ d(v_l, v_k) = d(v_k, v_m)}} 2 \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

Using (2.9) in above equation, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
(3.18) \quad &= \frac{4m_2^2 + 6m_2n_2 + 2n_2^2}{2} (DD(G_1) + 4n_1m_1 - PI(G_1)) \\
&= (2m_2^2 + 3m_2n_2 + n_2^2) (DD(G_1) + 4n_1m_1 - PI(G_1)).
\end{aligned}$$

Substituting (3.11), (3.12), (3.13), (3.14), (3.15), (3.17), (??) and (3.18) in (3.10), we obtain the required result. \square

COROLLARY 3.2. *Let G_1 be a bipartite graph. Then,*

$$\begin{aligned}
Gut(G) &= Gut(G_1)(n_2(3n_2 + 2m_2 + 4) + 2m_2 + 1) - M_2(G_2)(m_1 + n_1) \\
&\quad - 2n_1m_1(n_2(n_2 + 2m_2) + m_2^2) + (n_2^2 + m_2^2)(8n_1m_1 + 2m_1) \\
&\quad + 2DD(G_1)(n_2(2n_2 + 3m_2 + 1) + m_2(m_2 + 1)) - M_1(G_2)(2n_1 + 3m_1) \\
&\quad + (W(G_1) + W_e(G_1))(4n_2(n_2 + 2m_2) + 4m_2^2) + n_1(n_2 - 5m_2) \\
&\quad + m_1^2(4n_2^2 + 6n_2m_2 + 2m_2^2 + 2n_2 + 2m_2) + (2n_2^2 + 6n_2m_2 + 4m_2^2)n_1^2 \\
&\quad + 4m_1m_2(n_1 + n_2 - 3) + 2n_2m_1(9n_1m_2 + n_1 - 2).
\end{aligned}$$

It is well-known that

$$\begin{aligned}
 W(P_n) &= \frac{n(n^2 - 1)}{6}, \quad W(C_n) = \frac{n^3}{8}, \quad W(C_{2n+1}) = \frac{n(n^2 - 1)}{8}, \quad W(K_n) = \frac{n(n - 1)}{2}, \\
 W_e(K_n) &= \frac{n(n - 1)(n^2 - 3n + 2)}{4}, \\
 DD(P_n) &= \frac{n(n - 1)(2n - 1)}{3}, \quad DD(C_n) = \frac{n^3}{2}, \quad DD(C_{2n+1}) = \frac{n(n^2 - 1)}{2}, \\
 DD(K_n) &= n(n - 1)^2, \\
 PI(P_n) &= n(n - 1), \quad PI(C_{2n+1}) = 2n(2n + 1), \quad PI(K_n) = n(n - 1). \\
 C(C_{2n+1}) &= 4n + 2, \quad C(K_n) = n(n - 1)^2(n - 2)/2. \\
 Gut(P_n) &= (n - 1)(2n^2 - 4n + 3)/3, \quad Gut(C_n) = n^3/2, \quad Gut(C_{n+1}) = n(n^2 - 1)/2.
 \end{aligned}$$

Using these facts, in Theorems 2.1, 3.1 and 3.3, we obtain the following corollaries.

COROLLARY 3.3. *We have*

- a. $W(K_n \square P_m) = (3/4)m^2n^3 - nm + (1/2)n^3 + (1/8)n^2m^2 + (3/8)m^2n^4 + n^2 - (1/2)n^2m - (1/4)m^2n.$
- b. $W(K_n \square C_m) = (1/8)n^2m^2 - (1/4)m^2n - (1/2)n^2m - nm + (1/2)n^2 - (1/2)n + (3/8)m^2n^4 + (3/4)m^2n^3 + (1/2)mn^3.$
- c. $W(K_n \square K_m) = (3/4)m^2n^3 - (1/4)nm + (1/2)mn^3 - (1/8)n^2m^2 + (3/8)m^2n^4 - (1/2)n + (1/2)n^2 + (1/4)n^2m - (1/2)m^2n.$
- d. $DD(K_n \square P_m) = 5m^2n^2 - (5/2)m^2n - 13mn^2 + (19/2)nm - 6n - n^3 + (1/2)m^2n^3 + 4m^2n^4 + 3mn^3 - (1/2)mn^4 + 5n^2.$
- e. $DD(K_n \square C_m) = 5m^2n^2 - (5/2)m^2n - (21/2)mn^2 + (17/2)nm + n + n^3 + (1/2)m^2n^3 + 4m^2n^4 + 4mn^3 + mn^4 - 2n^2.$
- f. $DD(K_n \square K_m) = (1/4)m^2n^2 + 5m^2n - 3mn^2 - 5nm + n + (3/4)n^4m^3 + (3/4)m^3n^2 - m^3n + (1/2)m^3n^3 + n^3 + (7/4)m^2n^4 + mn^3 + mn^4 - 2n^2.$
- g. $Gut(K_n \square P_m) = 4nm + (9/2)n - (17/2)m^2n^3 - 3mn^4 + (19/2)m^2n^2 + 3mn^3 - (7/2)m^2n - 22mn^2 + (21/2)m^2n^4 - (13/2)n^3 + 23n^2.$
- h. $Gut(K_n \square C_m) = 5mn^4 + (21/2)m^2n^2 - 8mn^3 - (9/2)m^2n - 12mn^2 + (21/2)m^2n^4 - (3/2)n^3 - nm - (1/2)n - (9/2)m^2n^3 + (3/2)n^2 + (1/2)n^4.$
- i. $Gut(K_n \square K_m) = (5/4)nm - (1/2)n + (3/8)m^4n^4 + (7/4)m^3n^4 + 2m^3n^2 - (1/4)m^3n - (5/8)m^4n^2 - (1/2)m^4n - m^3n^3 + (1/4)m^4n^3 - (19/4)m^2n^3 + 2mn^4 + (7/8)m^2n^2 - 5mn^3 + (31/4)mn^2 + (23/8)m^2n^4 - (3/2)n^3 - (5/2)n^2 + (1/2)n^4.$

By varying G_1 and G_2 we can obtain many corollaries for standard graphs.

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